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OSCODA AREA SCHOOLS IOSCO AND ALCONA COUNTIES, MICHIGAN

AUDITORS' REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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AUDITORS' REPORT

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Stephenson & Company, P.C.

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August 31, 2017

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Education Oscoda Area Schools Iosco and Alcona Counties, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oscoda Area Schools, losco and Alcona Counties, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the index.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oscoda Area Schools, losco and Alcona Counties, Michigan, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Education Oscoda Area Schools August 31, 2017 Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and required pension schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Oscoda Area Schools' basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and individual fund schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2017, included in the Single Audit Report issued under a separate cover, on our consideration of the Oscoda Area Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Oscoda Area Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Stephenson : Company, P.C.



Oscoda Area Schools

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The following section presents the administration's discussion and analysis of Oscoda Area Schools' financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements and other supplemental information included in the Audit. This Analysis is a requirement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34).

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), according to GASB 34, requires the reporting of two types of financial statements: Fund Financial Statements and District -Wide Financial Statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund level statements are reported on a modified accrual basis. Liabilities are recognized to the extent they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources. Purchased capital assets are reported as expenditures in the year of acquisition. Fund financial statements report the School District's operations in more detail than the district-wide financial statements. Fund statements are provided for the General Fund, Capital Projects and Sinking Funds, Debt Service Funds and Food Service Fund.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the full accrual basis of accounting. With this method, all of the District's assets and liabilities, and all of the current year revenues and expenditures, are reported regardless of when cash is received or paid. Capital assets and long-term obligations of the District are reported on the Statement of Net Position.

Summary of Net Position:

The comparative analysis for the net position at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 follows:

Net Position Summary District-Wide Activities

	<u>Jı</u>	ine 30, 2017	June 30, 2016		
Assets					
Current Assets	\$	3,860,538	\$	3,965,796	
Capital Assets		12,686,633		13,457,302	
Total Assets		16,547,171		17,423,098	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,015,767		2,806,493	
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities		1,475,660		1,344,704	
Long-Term Liabilities		26,123,236		26,780,473	
Total Liabilities		27,598,896		28,125,177	

Dedicated to Education...

Committed to Excellence

Net Position Summary District - Wide Activities

	<u>June 30, 2017</u>		<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2016
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	598,509	\$	521,886
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		4,804,785		4,494,992
Restricted		73,456		134,609
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(13,512,708)		(13,047,073)
Total Net Position	\$	(8,634,467)	\$	(8,417,472)

Analysis of Financial Position:

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District's net position decreased by \$216,995.

Some of the significant factors affecting net position during the year are discussed below. A reconciliation of the change in fund balance and the change in net position can be found in the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities in this report.

1. Change in Fund Balance

The change in fund balance for the district's governmental funds was a decrease of \$255,105. This was mainly the result of the District's sinking fund and capital project fund's capital projects, as well as a decrease in the number of meals served and therefore, paid for, in the food service fund in the current year.

The change in the General Fund was a decrease of \$48,323, which was primarily due to a decrease in the local and federal source revenues combined with various other minor changes in other revenues and expenditure activity.

2. Capital Outlay Acquisitions

Actual capital outlay acquisitions for the fiscal year were \$794,313 plus \$129,462 of prior year construction in progress, funded from the Sinking Fund, 2015 Athletic Bond Capital Projects Fund, and the General Fund. These acquisitions were for the School District purchasing new copiers for \$38,059, site improvements totaling \$24,720, such as \$11,230 for football field goal posts, \$7,600 for a cement platform for the football field bleachers, and \$5,890 for soccer shelters. In addition, the School District had finished its pool project totaling \$28,576, as well as flooring and ceiling renovations in the High School totaling \$271,827. Other remodeling and finishing previous year projects for the Elementary School were \$552,045, as well as \$8,548 in construction in progress for AC units at the Elementary School. In the Statement of Activities, the cost of capitalized expenses is allocated over the estimated life of the asset.

3. Depreciation

GASB 34 requires school districts to maintain a record of annual depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation. The net increase in accumulated depreciation is a reduction in net position. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 the depreciation expense was \$674,628.

4. Repayment of Principal

The repayment of debt decreases the District's long-term obligations and increases net position. The amount of debt principal repayment during the fiscal year was \$1,120,000.

Results of Operations:

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, the District-wide results of operations were:

	2017	2016
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes levied for General Purposes	\$ 6,095,998	\$ 6,188,268
Property Taxes levied for Debt Services	1,353,900	1,392,056
Property Taxes – Sinking Fund	321,936	337,250
State of Michigan Aid – Unrestricted	2,686,085	2,710,418
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	2,080	(508)
Investment Earnings and Miscellaneous	27,854	16,981
Total General Revenues	10,487,853	10,644,465
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	639,376	601,931
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,874,859	3,149,811
Capital Grants and Contributions	25,300	153,327
Total Program Revenues	3,539,535	3,905,069
Total Revenues	14,027,388	14,549,534
Expenses:		
Instruction	7,571,075	7,632,040
Support Services	4,413,813	4,420,001
Community Services	36,096	30,719
Athletics	356,941	366,882
Food Services	728,261	764,781
Interest on long-term debt	247,843	314,057
Total Expenses	13,354,029	13,528,480
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		
Before Special Items	673,359	1,021,054
Special Item-Impairment Loss	(890,354)	0
Increase (Decrease) In Net Position	\$ (216,995)	\$ 1,021,054

1. Property Taxes

The District levies 18 mills of property taxes on non-homestead property. Commercial property is exempt for 6 of the 18 mills. This revenue is one component of the total per pupil foundation allowance set by the State of Michigan. As noted in the Results of Operations, the property taxes generated General Fund revenue was a little over \$6 million during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

The District levied 1.88 mills for debt service on the 2016 Refunding Bond, 2015 Refunding Bond, and the 2015 Athletic Bond. The debt service revenue generated was \$1,093,776 and was included in debt service funds. In addition, the District levied 1.00 mills for Sinking Fund Activities. The sinking fund revenue generated was \$580,060 of which \$260,124 was dedicated for Sinking Fund debt retirement and \$321,936 was for allowable Sinking Fund capital projects activity.

2. State of Michigan Aid, Unrestricted

The State of Michigan pays a portion of the foundation allowance as unrestricted aid based upon the following variables: the per pupil foundation allowance, student enrollment and the District's non-homestead property tax levy. The non-homestead property taxes are deducted from the calculated total foundation allowance to determine the amount paid by the State of Michigan.

As noted in the Results of Operations above, Unrestricted State Aid was \$2.69 million. The portion of the foundation allowance payment that is restricted for special education was \$.33 million and is included under Program Revenue.

- a. **State of Michigan State Aid Act- per pupil foundation allowance**. The stated foundation allowance was \$7,511 per pupil.
- b. **Student Enrollment**-The District's student enrollment for the October count of 2016 was 1,151 students. This was a reduction of 25 pupils from the prior year fall count. For fiscal 2016-2017 the District qualified under the Michigan School Aid Act for a three year average of blended pupil counts. The annual membership average is blended at 90% of the current fiscal year fall count and 10% of the prior year winter count. The State Aid Membership used for payment calculations for 2016-17 was 1,178. This reflected the average of the blended counts for fiscal 2015-2017. The average membership of 1,178, multiplied by the foundation allowance resulted in a total foundation allowance of about \$8.8 million.

Total Revenues

The total revenues of the District were just over \$14 million, a decrease of \$.5 million from the previous year. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the District's commercial property tax values and a 0.05 mill decrease in the total debt millage for a total decrease of about \$146,000, a decrease in the District's E-rate reimbursement of about \$150,000, and a decrease in food service revenues of about \$120,000 due to less meals being served during the year, offset by an increase in charges for services of \$26,000.

Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$3.5 million or 25% of the total. As noted on the Statement of Activities of this report, general revenues including unrestricted state aid and property taxes provided 75% of the total.

General Fund Budget and Actual Results

The Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act of the State of Michigan requires that the Board of Education approve the original budget for the fiscal year prior to July 1, before student enrollment counts, approved federal grant awards and other information is known. Therefore, it is expected that there will be changes between the initial budget and subsequent amendments, as more information becomes available. The budget was amended in November, March and June. Page 40 of the Audit summarizes the comparative budget and actual results.

General Fund Revenue – Actual vs. Budget

Total General Fund revenue was \$60,559 less than budgeted. This was primarily due to receiving less Title II federal grant revenue than what was budgeted for in 2017. A detailed comparison of local, state and federal sources for budget and actual revenues can be found in the General Fund Details of Revenue Compared to Budget statement in this report.

General Fund Expenditures vs. Budget

Total expenditures were \$242,202 less than budgeted. This was primarily due to support service salaries and employee benefit expenses being significantly less than budgeted, as well as various changes in expenditures that were less than expected. A detailed comparison of budgeted and actual expenditures can be found in the General Fund Details of Expenditures Compared to Budget statement in this report.

	Revenue			Expenditures
General Fund:				
Original Budget	\$	11,519,087	\$	11,911,346
Final Budget		11,701,139		11,977,433
Actual		11,640,580		11,735,231
Variance	\$	60,559	\$	242,202
% of Budget		0.52%		2.02%

Capital Asset and Long-Term Liability Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2017, the District had \$26.81 million invested in land and buildings, site improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles and buses measured at historical cost. Of this amount, \$14.12 million has been depreciated. Net book value was \$12.69 million at the end of the fiscal year 2017, a decrease of about \$0.77 million from the previous year. Capital asset purchases totaled \$794,313 and are detailed out on page 4, under Capital Outlay Acquisitions.

Capital asset disposals during the year consisted of two fully depreciated copiers, as well as the transfer of construction in progress, which had a carrying value of \$129,462, as the projects had been completed. In addition, the Glennie Elementary School Building was appraised in the current year for a fair value of \$23,750 resulting in an impairment loss of \$890,354.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2017, the District had \$8.125 million in principal outstanding on long-term bonds. The bond principle payments for the year resulted in a net decrease of \$1,120,000 in the Districts long-term debt obligations.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2017, the District's Net Pension Liability amounted to \$17,510,276. This constitutes their unfunded pension benefit obligation as of the measurement date of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System Plan.

Additional information on the District's Net Pension Liability can be found in Note 11 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

The General Fund Budget for 2017-18 was adopted in June 2017 based upon estimates of fall enrollment and state aid payments. Approximately 76% of total General Fund revenue for Oscoda Area Schools is from the foundation allowance. Under State law, the school district cannot assess additional property tax revenue for general operations. Accordingly, the District is heavily dependent upon the State's ability to fund the appropriations to local schools. The District will amend the budget periodically to reflect final student counts, state aid payments and other funding and expenditure changes.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Oscoda Area Schools Business Office 3550 River Road Oscoda, MI 48750 (989) 739-2033

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

	Go	overnmental Activities
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3) Cash with Fiscal Agent (Note 3) Receivables:	\$	2,689,721 1,341
Accounts, Net Due from Other Governmental Units Inventory:		10,329 1,040,918
Supplies Building Trades Homes Prepaid Items		22,655 70,035 25,539
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated (Note 5) Capital Assets Being Depreciated (Note 5)		103,081 12,583,552
Total Assets		16,547,171
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> Deferred Charge on Refunding Deferred Amount on Pension Expense Related to Net Pension Liability (Note 11)		400,258 2,615,509
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,015,767
Liabilities Accounts Payable Tax Anticipation Note Payable (Note 6) Due to Other Units Interest Payable Accrued Expenses Salaries Payable Unearned Revenue (Note 8) Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year (Note 7) Due in More Than One Year (Note 7) Net Pension Liability (Note 11)		43,831 200,000 39,684 30,670 436,720 714,847 9,908 1,165,861 7,447,099 17,510,276
Total Liabilities <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>		27,598,896
Deferred Amount on Net Pension Liability (Note 11)	_	598,509
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For:		4,804,785
Debt Retirement Unrestricted (Deficit)		73,456 (13,512,708)
Total Net Position	\$ <u></u>	(8,634,467)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

						ram Revenu Operating		Capital	R _1	Net (Expenses) evenue and Change in Net Position Government
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		harges for Services		Grants and ontributions		Grants and contributions	_	Type Activities
Instruction Support Services Community Services Athletics Food Services Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$	7,571,075 4,413,813 36,096 356,941 728,261 247,843	\$	20,162 352,794 31,822 107,282 127,316 0	\$	1,500,757 782,805 750 13,255 577,292 0	\$	25,300 0 0 0 0 0	\$	(6,024,856) (3,278,214) (3,524) (236,404) (23,653) (247,843)
Total	\$_	13,354,029	\$_	639,376	\$_	2,874,859	\$_	25,300	_	(9,814,494)
General Revenues: Property Taxes, Levied for General Purpoperty Taxes, Levied for Debt Purpoperty Taxes, Levied for Sinking Fur State School Aid - Unrestricted Investment Earnings Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Ass Miscellaneous Special Item - Impairment Loss Total General Revenues and Special	ses	s Purposes								6,095,998 1,353,900 321,936 2,686,085 21,311 2,080 6,543 (890,354) 9,597,499
Change in Net Position										(216,995)
Net Position - Beginning									_	(8,417,472)
Net Position - Ending									\$_	(8,634,467)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

Capital	Projects
E.	ınd

				Fund				
		General Fund		Sinking Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3) Cash with Fiscal Agent (Note 3) Receivables:	\$	2,348,456 1,341	\$	96,522 0	\$	244,743 0	\$	2,689,721 1,341
Accounts, Net Due From Other Governmental Units Due from Other Funds (Note 4) Inventory:		10,329 1,040,918 24,609		0 0 0		0 0 1,024		10,329 1,040,918 25,633
Supplies Building Trades Homes Prepaid Items		17,871 70,035 25,539	_	0 0 0		4,784 0 0	_	22,655 70,035 25,539
Total Assets	\$	3,539,098	\$_	96,522	\$	250,551	\$_	3,886,171
Liabilities Accounts Payable Tax Anticipation Note Payable (Note 6) Due to Other Units Due to Other Funds (Note 4) Interest Payable Accrued Expenditures Salaries Payable Unearned Revenue (Note 8) Total Liabilities	\$	43,831 0 39,684 1,024 0 436,720 714,847 8,445 1,244,551	\$	0 200,000 0 8,548 2,100 0 0 210,648	\$	0 0 0 16,061 0 0 0 1,463 17,524	\$	43,831 200,000 39,684 25,633 2,100 436,720 714,847 9,908 1,472,723
Fund Equity Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventory Prepaid Items Restricted For:		87,906 25,539		0 0		4,784 0		92,690 25,539
Debt Retirement Committed To: Community Education Programs		70,499		0		73,456 0		73,456 70,499
Assigned to: Food Service 2016/2017 Budget Expenditures Employee Vacation and Sick Day		0 230,733		0		154,787 0		154,787 230,733
Buyouts Unassigned Total Fund Equity	_	330,854 1,549,016 2,294,547	-	0 (114,126) (114,126)	_	0 0 233,027	_	330,854 1,434,890 2,413,448
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	3,539,098	\$_	96,522	\$	250,551	\$_	3,886,171

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES $\underline{\text{June 30, 2017}}$

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	2,413,448
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Capital assets at the year end consist of: Capital Asset Cost Capital Asset Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 26,807,180 (14,120,547)	12,686,633
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds: Accrued Interest on Long-term Liabilities		(28,570)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflows of resources from pension expenses subsequent to the measurement date of net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net pension liability	2,615,509 (598,509)	2,017,000
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of: Bonds Payable (Net of Unamortized Bond Premium) Compensated Absences Payable Deferred Charge on Refunding Net Pension Liability	(8,282,106) (330,854) 400,258 (17,510,276)	(25,722,978)

\$ (8,634,467)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Capital Projects **Fund** Other Total Governmental Governmental Funds General Fund Sinking Fund **Funds** Revenue Local Sources 6.670.183 323.922 1.479.971 8.474.076 State Sources 4,322,945 0 31,042 4,353,987 647,452 549,793 1,197,245 Federal Sources 0 11,640,580 323,922 2,060,806 14,025,308 Total Revenue Expenditures Current: Instruction 6,922,152 0 0 6,922,152 Support Services 4,121,666 0 0 4,121,666 Community Services 78,058 0 0 78,058 Food Services 0 687,234 0 687,234 **Athletics** 280,762 0 280,762 Capital Outlay 332,593 482,078 30,754 845,425 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 1,120,000 0 1,120,000 Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt 2,100 225,096 227,196 11.735.231 Total Expenditures 484,178 2,063,084 14,282,493 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) (94,651)(160, 256)(2,278)Expenditures (257, 185)Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of Capital Assets 2,080 0 0 2,080 Operating Transfers In (Note 10) 0 44,248 44,248 0 (44,2<u>48</u>) (44,2<u>48</u>) Operating Transfers Out (Note 10) 0 0 46,328 2,080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 (44,248)Net Change in Fund Balances (48, 323)(160, 256)(46,526)(255, 105)2,342,870 46,130 279,553 2,668,553 Fund Balances - Beginning of Year

2,294,547

Fund Balances - End of Year

233,027

2,413,448

(114,126)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Current Year Depreciation Expense \$ (674,628) 794,313 (890.354) Impairment Loss \$ (674,628) 794,313 (890.354) Repayment of the debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of repayments reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Bonds Payable \$ 1,120,000 Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as pension expense. The following amounts represent the current year net changes: Net Pension Liability \$ (501,903) Actual Pension Contributions and the Cost of Benefits Earned, net of Employee Contributions and the Cost of Benefits Earned, net of Employee Contributions and the Cost of Benefits Earned, net of Employee Contributions and the Cost of Benefits Earned, net of Employee Contributions and the Cost of Benefits Earned, net of Employee Contributions and the tenance of the expension of the exp	Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(255,105)
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Current Year Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays Reported in the Governmental Funds Impairment Loss Repayment of the debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of repayments reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Bonds Payable Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as pension expense. The following amounts represent the current year net changes: Net Pension Liability Actual Pension Contributions and the Cost of Benefits Earned, net of Employee Contributions Deferred Inflows on Net Pension Liability Proceeds from debt are a revenue in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows: Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding and Bond Premiums (Net) Expenses are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds. The effect of the treatment of these activities is as follows: Interest Compensated Absences 37,171	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of repayments reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Bonds Payable 1,120,000 Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as pension expense. The following amounts represent the current year net changes: Net Pension Liability (501,903) Actual Pension Contributions and the Cost of Benefits Earned, net of Employee Contributions Deferred Inflows on Net Pension Liability (76,623) Proceeds from debt are a revenue in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows: Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding and Bond Premiums (Net) (39,538) Expenses are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds. The effect of the treatment of these activities is as follows: Interest 18,891 Compensated Absences 37,171	statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Current Year Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays Reported in the Governmental Funds	794,313	(770,669)
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as pension expense. The following amounts represent the current year net changes: Net Pension Liability Actual Pension Contributions and the Cost of Benefits Earned, net of Employee Contributions Deferred Inflows on Net Pension Liability Proceeds from debt are a revenue in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows: Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding and Bond Premiums (Net) Expenses are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds. The effect of the treatment of these activities is as follows: Interest Compensated Absences 18,891 Compensated Absences 37,171	but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of repayments reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		1,120,000
proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows: Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding and Bond Premiums (Net) Expenses are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds. The effect of the treatment of these activities is as follows: Interest Compensated Absences 18,891 18,891 18,280	Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as pension expense. The following amounts represent the current year net changes: Net Pension Liability Actual Pension Contributions and the Cost of Benefits Earned, net of Employee Contributions	269,672	
recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds. The effect of the treatment of these activities is as follows: Interest Compensated Absences 18,891 18,280 37,171	proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows:		(39,538)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$(216,995)	recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds. The effect of the treatment of these activities is as follows: Interest	•	<u> 37,171</u>
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ <u>_</u>	(216,995)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2017

<u>Assets</u>	Student Activity
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	\$57,895
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Due to Student Groups	\$ <u>57,895</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Oscoda Area Schools (School District) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governments. The School District is considered to be a local government unit. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The School District operates under an elected School Board (seven members) and provides services to students in grades K-12. The board is responsible for adopting and amending budgets and for administering the school programs in accordance with governing laws.

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District's reporting entity applies all relevant GASB pronouncements for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. Oscoda Area Schools' Board of Education (Board) is the primary government which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education in the area served by the Oscoda Area Schools. The Board receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. As such, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB pronouncements since the Board members are a publicly elected governing body that has separate legal standing and is fiscally independent of other governmental entities.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Sinking Fund - The Sinking Fund accounts for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose; the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of debt; and the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The School District's fiduciary funds consist of agency funds which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency funds are used to account for amounts held for student and employee groups.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The School District does not currently have any business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net position use. Restricted assets are used first to fund appropriations before unrestricted assets are used.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available in advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, investments included the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF). MILAF is an investment pool managed by PFM Asset Management, which allows school districts within the State of Michigan to pool their funds for investment purposes. Investments in MILAF are valued at cost which equals market value.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments in the cash management pools and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

F. Receivables

Receivables generally consist of grants, state aid, and other. All receivables are net of estimated uncollectible accounts. Receivables are recognized to the extent the amounts are determined material and substantiated, not only by supporting documentation but also by a reasonable systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and collectability.

The allowance for doubtful accounts at June 30, 2017 was \$0.

G. Due From Other Governmental Units

This represents amounts receivable from the State of Michigan and other governmental units for federal, state and local reimbursable programs.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

I. Inventory - Supplies

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventory is stated at cost and recorded as an expenditure/expense in the governmental and government-wide financial statements when used.

J. Inventory - Building Trades Home and Lots

Inventory represents the cost of property purchased for future building sites.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) using a \$5,000 capitalization threshold and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Descriptions</u>	Governmental Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles and Buses	5 - 8 years

L. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "due from/to other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental columns of the statement of net position.

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements at the time they are incurred, to the extent that they will be paid from current, expendable, financial resources. In general, payments made within 60 days after year end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. However, bonds and other long-term obligations, compensated absences, claims and judgments, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when they become due for payment.

N. Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made based on accumulated sick leave and wage rates at yearend, taking into consideration limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For the governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts, if any, are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Compensated Absences (Continued)

No liability amounts were recorded in governmental fund statements, in accordance with GASB 33, due to the fact that there was a legally enforceable document that set a date for payment of vested benefits subsequent to June 30, 2017.

O. Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

P. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The School District reports three categories of net position as follows:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position - net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the School District's bonds. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position - consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the School District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, management applies restricted net position first, unless a determination is made to use unrestricted net position. The School District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. Management typically makes this decision on a transactional basis at the incurrence of the expenditure.

Q. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form—prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q. Fund Balances (Continued)

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal school board action—the District's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the school board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The school board or personnel authorized by the school board have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned, and unassigned—in order as needed.

R. Property Taxes

The School District levies its property taxes on July 1 and various municipalities collect its property taxes and remit them to the School District through February. The delinquent real property taxes of the School District are purchased by the County, and delinquent personal property taxes continue to be collected by the municipalities and recorded as revenue as they are collected. The County sells tax notes, the proceeds of which have been used to pay the School District for these delinquent real property taxes. These delinquent real property taxes have been recorded as revenue in the current year.

S. Foundation Revenue

The State of Michigan has adopted a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the School District. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the foundation allowance was based on the average of the calendar years 2014, 2015, and 2016 blended pupil membership counts.

The state portion of the foundation allowance is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by non-prequalified property taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period (currently the fiscal year) and is funded through 11 payments from October, 2016 - August, 2017. The local revenue is recognized as outlined in Note 1 Accounting for Property Taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

T. State Categorical Revenue

The School District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended for its specific purpose. Categorical funds received which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

U. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/ expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/ expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

V. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, there was one special item. In the current year, Oscoda Area Schools received an appraisal for the Glennie Elementary School Building resulting in an impairment loss of \$890,354.

W. Economic Dependency

The School District received approximately 31% of their revenue from the Michigan Department of Education. Due to the significance of this revenue source to the School District, the School District is considered to be economically dependent.

X. Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Y. Budgetary Policies and Data

The State of Michigan adopted a Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (Act) applicable to all local governmental entities in the state. The law requires appropriation acts to be adopted for General and Special Revenue Funds and an informational study for Capital Project Funds of school districts prior to the expenditure of monies in a fiscal year in accordance with GAAP.

Oscoda Area Schools follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. The School District's Superintendent submits to the Board a proposed budget prior to July 1 of each year. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Y. <u>Budgetary Policies and Data</u> (Continued)

- 3. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board throughout the year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.
- 4. Appropriations lapse at year-end and therefore cancel all encumbrances. These appropriations are reestablished at the beginning of the following year.

Z. Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

NOTE 2 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For 2017, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures". GASB Statement No. 77 requires governments to disclose certain information about tax abatement agreements made to foster economic development or otherwise benefit the government or its citizens.

The adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on the amounts reported in these financial statements.

For 2018, the School District will be required to implement GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". GASB Statement No. 75 improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments by establishing standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At year-end, the School District's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		F	Fiduciary Funds	Total Primary Government		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash with Fiscal Agents	\$	2,689,721 1,341	\$	57,895 <u>0</u>	\$	2,747,616 1,341	
Total	\$	2,691,062	\$	57,895	\$	2,748,957	

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

		Primary Government
Bank Deposits (Checking and Savings Accounts and Certificates of Deposit)	\$	797,673
Investments in Financial Institution Pooled Funds		1,949,943
Cash with Fiscal Agents	-	1,341
Total	\$_	2,748,957

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2017, the School District had the following investments.

Investment Type	 Fair <u>Value</u>	Specific Identification Maturities
Investment pools	\$ 1,949,943	Daily

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the School District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools, and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

State law authorizes investments in investment pools as authorized by the Surplus Funds Investment Pool Act, Act No. 367 of the Public Acts of 1982, being sections 129.111 to 129.118 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, composed entirely of instruments that are legal for direct investment by a school district. As of June 30, 2017, the School District's investment in the MILAF investment pool was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The School District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the School District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. Investments in U.S. Treasury securities and those other securities completely guaranteed by the Treasury as to payment of principal and interest may be purchased in any dollar amount or up to 100% of the available reserves.

Investments in other types of authorized securities may be made with the provision that no more than fifty percent of the total current investment portfolio consists of one type of security.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2017, \$649,431 of the School District's bank balance of \$900,771 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The School District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities approved in the District's Investment policy which is in accordance with State law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the School District will do business.

Foreign Currency Risk

The School District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The amounts of interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	1	DUE FROM						
DUE TO	Non-major Governmental General Fund Sinking Fund Funds							Total
General Fund Non-major Governmental Funds	\$	0 1,024	\$	8,548 <u>0</u>	\$	16,061 <u>0</u>	\$	24,609 1,024
•	\$	1,024	\$_	8,548	\$_	16,061	\$_	25,633

These balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

		ance				5.1.0		Balance	
Governmental Activities	July '	1, 2016	_	Additions		Deletions	<u>JL</u>	ine 30, 2017	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$	94,533	\$	0	\$	0	\$	94,533	
Construction in Progress		129,462	<u> </u>	<u>8,548</u>	_	(129,462)	Ť	8,548	
Capital Assets Not Being				_					
Depreciated		223,995	_	8,548	_	(129,462)	_	103,081	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated									
Buildings and Improvements	19	,091,869		852,448		(890,354)		19,053,963	
Site Improvements	4	,107,922		24,720		0		4,132,642	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	2	2,449,514		38,059		(19,495)		2,468,078	
Vehicles and Buses	1	,049,416		0		0		1,049,416	
Subtotal	26	5,698,721	_	915,227	_	(909,849)	_	26,704,099	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Buildings and Improvements	(8	3,212,018)		(393,253)		0		(8,605,271)	
Site Improvements	,	,332,743)		(194,351)		0		(2,527,094)	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	,	,914,725)		(77,492)		19,495		(1,972,722)	
Vehicles and Buses	•	,005,928)		(9,532)		0		(1,015,460)	
Subtotal		,465,414)		(674,628)		19,495		(14,120,547)	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated	13	3,233,307	_	240,599	_	(890,354)	_	12,583,552	
Governmental Activities Total Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	\$ <u>13</u>	3,457,302	\$_	249,147	\$_	(1,019,816)	\$	12,686,633	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to activities of the School District as follows:

Governmental Activities

Instruction	\$ 407,839
Support Services	212,744
Community Services	1,740
Food Services	35,102
Athletics	 17,203
	\$ 674.628

NOTE 6 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

The School District has various options for short-term financing including tax anticipation notes, state aid anticipation notes and lines of credit.

The following is a summary of the short-term financing:

	<u>July 1, 20</u>	<u> 16 </u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	June 3	<u>30, 2017</u>
Tax Anticipation Note Payable	\$	<u> </u>	200,000	\$ <u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	200,000

The Tax Anticipation Note was acquired to help cover the cost of Uni-Vents at Richardson Elementary School installed in fiscal year 2017. The note is dated July 1, 2016, bears interest at 1.05% and is due on October 1, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Bonds Payable

<u>-</u>	Date of Contract		Principal Due					Total Obligation	
2014 School Improvement Bonds:									
The bonds dated July 2, 2014 which bear interest at 2% are due serially each May 1 through 2018.	2014	\$	255,000	\$	5,100	\$	260,100		
2015 Refunding Bonds:									
The bonds dated March 5, 2015 which bear interest at 2% are due serially each May 1 through 2023.	2015		4,390,000		313,500		4,703,500		
2015 School Building and Site Bonds:									
The bonds dated June 24, 2015 which bear interest at 1.65% to 2.30% are due serially each May 1 through 2020.	2015		610,000		25,850		635,850		
2016 Refunding Bonds:									
The bonds dated February 4, 2016 which bear interest at 0.00 to 2.50% are due serially each May 1 through 2026.	2016	_	2,870,000	_	<u>522,100</u>	_	3,392,100		
Total Bonds Payable		\$_	8,125,000	\$_	866,550	\$_	8,991,550		

The annual principal and interest requirements for long-term debt for the years after June 30, 2017 are as follows:

		Government Activities							
		Principal	Interest			Total			
2018	\$	1,145,000	\$	171,418	\$	1,316,418			
2019		910,000		149,217		1,059,217			
2020		925,000		130,915		1,055,915			
2021		815,000		111,800		926,800			
2022		830,000		95,500		925,500			
2023 - 2026	_	3,500,000		207,700	_	3,707,700			
Total	\$	8,125,000	\$	866,550	\$	8,991,550			

B. Compensated Absences Payable

The School District has an employee benefit plan that allows employees to accumulate a limited amount of sick pay days based on contracts and an unlimited amount of vacation pay days. The amount of accumulated sick and vacation pay liability, recorded in the government-wide statements, for the School District was \$330,854 at June 30, 2017, of which \$0 was the estimated current portion.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

C. Early Retirement Incentive Payable

As part of the School District's contracts they have offered teachers a voluntary resignation plan if they notify the District by January 31st of their plan to retire at the end of the current school year. In the current year two employees took advantage of this option. The liability at June 30, 2017 was \$0, as all of the incentives were paid prior to yearend.

D. Defeasance of Debt

On April 26, 2005, the School District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments on the old bonds beginning in 2015 and ending in 2023. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. At June 30, 2017, \$4,450,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

On March 30, 2006 the School District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments on the old bonds beginning in 2012 and ending in 2026. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. At June 30, 2017, \$2,695,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

On March 4, 2015 the School District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments on the old bonds beginning in 2016 and ending in 2023. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. At June 30, 2017, \$4,485,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

On February 4, 2016 the School District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments on the old bonds beginning in 2016 and ending in 2026. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. At June 30, 2017, \$2,900,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

E. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the School District for the year ended June 30, 2017:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2016	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2017	Amount Due in <u>One Year</u>
Bonds Deferred Amounts for Issuance	\$ 9,245,000	\$ 0	\$ (1,120,000)	\$ 8,125,000	\$ 1,145,000
Premium	177,966	0	(20,860)	157,106	20,861
Total Bonds Payable, Net	9,422,966	0	(1,140,860)	8,282,106	1,165,861
Compensated Absences	349,134	0	(18,280)*	330,854	0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ <u>9,772,100</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>(1,159,140)</u>	\$ <u>8,612,960</u>	\$ <u>1,165,861</u>

^{*}Represents net of additions and retirements for the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The payment dates of compensated absences payable are undeterminable.

The interest expense on long-term obligations for the year was \$247,843.

Compensated absences for the governmental funds are generally liquidated by the General and Food Service Funds.

NOTE 8 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental funds and Governmental Activities defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue are as follows:

General Fund:	
Early Literacy	\$ 8,445
Food Service Fund:	
Meal Cards	 1,463
Total	\$ 9,908

NOTE 9 - LEASE

The School District had six lease agreements during the year. For those lease agreements that did not expire on or prior to year end, they can be terminated at any time, given 90 days written notice.

The annual lease amounts and agreement expiration dates are as follows:

Ray's Gym	\$ 10,824	March 31, 2019
Andrea Mosley	630	August 31, 2016
Northeast Michigan Community Service Agency	34,000	June 30, 2017
Iosco Regional Education Service Agency	25,401	June 30, 2017
AuSable Valley Community Mental Health #1	13,500	September 30, 2018
AuSable Valley Community Mental Health #2	 4,800	September 30, 2018
		•
	\$ 89.155	

Total rental income, including one day rentals, received in the current year was \$91,535.

NOTE 10 - OPERATING TRANSFERS

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the following transfers were made:

	TRANSFER FROM					
	Non-major					
	Governmental					
TRANSFER TO	General Fund Funds			Total		
Occupit 5 oct	¢	0	¢	44 249	œ	44 249
General Fund	⊅		ъ <u></u>	44,248	ı	44,248

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Organization

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Contributions and Funding Status

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2016 valuation will be amortized over a 20 year period for the 2016 fiscal year.

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions and Funding Status (Continued)

Pension Contribution Rates				
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer		
Basic	0.0 - 4.0%	18.95%		
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0	18.95		
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4	17.73		
Defined Contribution	0.0	14.56		

Required contributions to the pension plan from the School District were \$1,576,013 for the year ended September 30, 2016.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the School District reported a liability of \$17,510,276 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2015. The School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2016, the School District's proportionate share percent was 0.07018%, which was an increase of 0.00055% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the School District recognized pension expense of \$1,835,250. At June 30, 2017, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	 d Inflows sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 218,224	\$ 41,500
Change of assumptions	273,759	0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	291,021	0
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	485,572	11,010
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,346,933	0
Total	\$ 2,615,509	\$ <u>52,510</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

In addition to the deferred inflows of resources noted above, the District also has \$545,999 in deferred inflows related to the 147(C) UAAL Stabilization allocation from the State of Michigan at year end.

\$800,934 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred (Inflows) and Deferred Outflows of Resources by Year

Year Ended June 30	 Amount		
2017	\$ 1,105,129		
2018	281,310		
2019	547,379		
2020	 83,182		
	\$ 2,017,000		

Actuarial Valuations and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions:

λ Valuation Date: September 30, 2015

λ Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age, Normal

 λ Wage Inflation Rate: 3.5%

λ Investment Rate of Returns:

- MIP and Basic Plans (Non-Hybrid): 8.0%

- Pension Plans Plan (Hybrid): 7.0%

- λ Projected Salary Increases: 3.5 12.3%, including wage inflation at 3.5%
- λ Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments: 3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members
- Mortality: RP-2000 Male and Female Combined Healthy Life Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB. This assumption was first used for the September 30, 2014 valuation of the System. For retirees, 100% of the table rates were used. For active members, 80% of the table rates were used for males and 70% of the table rates were used for females.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2007 through 2012 have been
 adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30,
 2014 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2016, is based on the results of an
 actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2015, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial
 procedures, including the experience study.
- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 4.6273
- λ Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2016 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr).

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return On Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

Investment Category	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.9%
% Alternative Investment	18.0	9.2
International Equity	16.0	7.2
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	0.9
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.3
Absolute Return Pools	15.5	6.0
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	0.0
	100.0%	_

^{*}Long-term rate of return does not include 2.1% inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 8.0% was used to measure the total pension liability (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan, a hybrid plan). This discount rate was based on the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 8.0% (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

As required by GASB Statement No. 68, the following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using a discount rate of 8.0% (7.0% for the Hybrid Plan), as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

Current Single Discount						
1% Decrease Rate Assumption 1% Increase				1% Increase		
	(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)		(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)		rid) (Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)	
	7.0% / 6.0%		8.0% / 7.0%		9.0% / 8.0%	
\$	22,548,828	\$	17,510,276	\$	13,262,292	

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS CAFR, available at www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr.

Payables to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS)

At June 30, 2017, there were reported payables to MPSERS of \$316,037, which accounts for the total outstanding contributions for all retirement plans, including the 147(C) UAAL Stabilization dollars.

NOTE 12 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The School District offers its employees participation in the Tax-Deferred Payments (TDP) program through MPSERS. The program, available to all full-time employees who are members of the retirement system, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years for the purchase of additional years of service credit. Employees are eligible to voluntarily participate from the date of employment, however once an employee begins payments in the program, they must continue until completion of the purchase of the service credit or termination of employment from Oscoda Area Schools. Payments into the program are vested once 10 years of service credit have been earned through the MPSERS. Employee contributions to the TDP program totaled \$9,040 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The School District also offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 403(b). The plan, available to all full-time employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Employees are eligible to voluntarily participate from the date of employment and are vested immediately upon participation. Employee contributions to the Section 403(b) plan totaled \$105,645 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The assets of the plan are administered and held by 403(b) ASP, a third party administrator.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 13 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Plan Description

The School District's defined contribution pension plan (DC) provides retirement benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plan covers employees hired on or after July 1, 2010. The plan is affiliated with the Michigan Public School Employee's Retirement System (MPSERS) Pension Plus Plan of Michigan. Also effective February 2013, former Basic/MIP members could elect to participate in the defined benefit contribution pension plan. Public Act 300 of 1980 of the State of Michigan, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the MPSERS Board. The plan services are provided by The Office of Retirement Services, exclusively through ING as the plan administrator. MPSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MPSERS. The report may be obtained by writing to MPSERS, 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30673, Lansing, Michigan 48909-8103.

Funding Policy

Prior to February 2013, the School District employees who were part of the PPP were required to contribute 2% of their earnings for the plan year, unless they elected out of the plan, subject to the limitations of sections 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. Employees could elect to contribute more than 2% in full percent increments. For employees that elected to participate, the employer would match 50% of the contribution up to 1%. Employer contributions were considered a section 401(a) contribution.

Beginning February 2013 and after, the rates vary depending on which plan the active member is a participant of. The School District employees that are part of the PPP with Premium Subsidy or a Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF) are not required to contribute. If they do contribute they can contribute in full percent increments and the employer will match 50% of the contribution up to 1%. For the PPP with PHF the employee and employer contribution is 2% for the PHF.

The following are the DC pension and PHF contribution requirements for each applicable plan option:

- For any new employees hired after September 3, 2012 that elect DC with PHF, the employer pension contribution is 3% and the employee contribution is 6%. For the PHF, both the employee and employer contribution is 2%.
- For Basic, Basic 4%, MIP-Fixed, MIP-Graded and MIP 7% plan members that elect the PHF, the employee and employer contributions are 2% for the PHF only.
- For former Basic/MIP members that elected DC with Premium Subsidy the employer contribution is 4% for the pension only. Employees are not required to contribute, but may, in 1% increments.
- For former Basic/MIP members that elected DC with a PHF, the employer contribution is 4% for the pension. Employees are not required to contribute for pension, but may, in 1% increments. Employee and employer contributions are 2% for the PHF.

Vesting

Employees become 100% vested after four years of service.

Plan Contributions

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the School District contributed \$31,422 on behalf of eligible employees. Employee contributions amounted to \$46,452 for eligible employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The School District is subject to the Michigan Employment Security Act and has elected the reimbursement method of financing. Under this method, the School District must reimburse the Employment Agency for all benefits charged against the School District. Accrued unemployment compensation was \$678 as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 15 - SINKING FUND

The Sinking Fund also records capital project activities funded with a Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1212(1) of the Revised School Code and the applicable section of the revised bulletin for School District Audits of Bonded Construction Funds and Sinking Funds in Michigan.

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The School District participates in two distinct pools of educational institutions within the State of Michigan for self-insuring property, casualty and workers' disability compensation. The pools are considered public entity risk pools. The School District pays annual premiums to each pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event a pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. Each of the pools maintain reinsurance claims in excess of \$500,000 for each occurrence with the overall maximum coverage being unlimited. The School District has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

NOTE 17 - GOVERNMENTAL REGULATION

Substantially all of the School District's facilities are subject to federal, state and local provisions regulating the discharge of materials into the environment. Compliance with these provisions has not had, nor does the School District expect such compliance to have, any material effect upon the capital expenditures, net revenue in excess of expenditures or financial condition of the School District. Management believes that its current practices and procedures for the control and disposition of such wastes comply with applicable federal and state requirements.

NOTE 18 - FUND BALANCE DEFICIT

A deficit fund balance of \$114,126 existed at June 30, 2017 in the Sinking Fund, a capital projects fund and major fund of the District.

NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES

The School District participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs which are subject to program compliance audits. The audits of these programs for and including the year ended June 30, 2017, have been conducted and have been reported in this audit report. However, the compliance audit reports have not yet been accepted by the grantors. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time; although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 14, 2017, the District approved the sale of the Glennie Elementary School Building for \$10,100 to Christopher Clouse. This sale results in a loss on disposal of capital assets of \$13,650.

On August 14, 2017, the District approved a bid from National Bus Sales for a 2012 71-passenger IC school bus with 41,825 miles for \$31,580.

On August 14, 2017, the District approved a bid by Bolen Asphalt Paving, Inc. for the paving of the Oscoda High School's front and back entrance, as well as side lot, for \$134,500.

NOTE 21 - IDLE IMPAIRED CAPITAL ASSETS

Recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

Cedar Lake Elementary School building was closed down as of June 30, 2012, and is currently not being used for instruction. However, there is no impairment loss in the current year, as the carrying value of the Cedar Lake Elementary School assets at June 30, 2017 is \$1,762,800, which is lower than the estimated fair value of \$3,137,315. This estimate was valued using the deflated depreciated replacement cost approach, based on the insurance assessed property value (Level 3).

Glennie Elementary School was closed on September 1, 2009 and the building is no longer being used for instruction. In the current year, the School District received an appraisal on the building for an estimated value of \$23,750, resulting in an impairment loss of \$890,354.



SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of the fiscal year)

	 2017	2016	_	2015
School District's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.07018%	0.06963%		0.06682%
School District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 17,510,276	\$ 17,008,373	\$	14,718,838
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,987,495	\$ 5,827,964	\$	5,776,637
School District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	292.45%	291.84%		254.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	63.27%	63.17%		66.20%

Notes to the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in 2016.

Changes of assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2016.

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN (Amounts determined as of 6/30 of each year)

	2017			2016	2015		
Statutorily required contributions	\$	1,615,739	\$	1,543,203	\$	1,320,083	
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions*		1,615,739	_	1,543,203	_	1,320,083	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	0	\$	0	\$_	0	
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,668,214	\$	5,794,223	\$	5,908,620	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		28.51%		26.63%		22.34%	

^{*}Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

Notes to the Schedule of the School District's Contributions:

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in 2016.

Changes of assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2016.

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Original		Final Amended				/ariance - Favorable
		Budget		Budget		Actual	-	nfavorable)
Revenue								
Local Sources	\$	6,694,183	\$	6,693,497	\$	6,670,183	\$	(23,314)
State Sources		4,149,678		4,306,681		4,322,945		16,264
Federal Sources	_	675,226	_	700,961	_	647,452		(53,509)
Total Revenue	-	11,519,087	_	11,701,139	-	11,640,580		(60,559)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction		7,116,256		7,000,037		6,922,152		77,885
Support Services		4,277,461		4,276,697		4,121,666		155,031
Community Services		74,344		78,220		78,058		162
Athletics		255,050		289,885		280,762		9,123
Capital Outlay	_	188,235	-	332,594	-	332,593	_	1
Total Expenditures	-	11,911,346	-	11,977,433	-	11,735,231		242,202
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(392,259)	_	(276,294)	_	(94,651)	_	181,643
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Sale of Capital Assets		5,000		2,080		2,080		0
Operating Transfers In		51,000		45,300		44,248		(1,052)
Operating Transfers Out	_	(2,400)	_	(1,000)	_	0		1,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	53,600	-	46,380	-	46,328		(52)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(338,659)		(229,914)		(48,323)		181,591
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	2,342,870	_	2,342,870	_	2,342,870		0
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$_	2,004,211	\$_	2,112,956	\$_	2,294,547	\$	181,591



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

		Special renue Fund				Debt Retire	mer	nt Funds			_	Capital Projects Fund		
	Foo	od Service Fund	Si	nking Fund Bond	20	15 Refunding Bond	20	016 Refunding Bond		015 Athletic Bond Debt ervice Fund		015 Athletic Bond Capital Projects Fund	_	Total Other Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Funds Inventory:	\$	165,734 0	\$	5,314 1,024	\$	59,116 0	\$	6,711 0	\$	7,868 0	\$	0	\$	244,743 1,024
Supplies		4,784	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	4,784
Total Assets	\$	170,518	\$	6,338	\$_	59,116	\$_	6,711	\$_	7,868	\$_	0	\$_	250,551
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 	9,484 1,463 10,947	\$ 	0 0 0	\$	5,276 0 5,276	\$	166 0 166	\$	1,135 0 1,135	\$	0 0 0	\$	16,061 1,463 17,524
Fund Equity Fund Balances: Nonspendable:														
Inventory		4,784		0		0		0		0		0		4,784
Restricted For: Debt Retirement Assigned to:		0		6,338		53,840		6,545		6,733		0		73,456
Food Service		154,787	_	0	_	0	_	0		0	_	0	_	154,787
Total Fund Equity		159,571	_	6,338	_	53,840	_	6,545	_	6,733	_	0	_	233,027
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	170,518	\$	6,338	\$_	59,116	\$_	6,711	\$_	7,868	\$_	0	\$_	250,551

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Fund		Debt Retire	OOAE Albaria	Capital Projects Fund	Tatal Other	
	Food Service Fund	Sinking Fund Bond	2015 Refunding Bond	2016 Refunding Bond	2015 Athletic Bond Debt Service Fund	2015 Athletic Bond Capital Projects Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds
Revenue Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources Total Revenue	\$ 128,488 27,499 549,793 705,780	\$ 260,160 0 0 260,160	\$ 811,391 3,543 0 814,934	\$ 81,823 0 0 81,823	\$ 197,251 0 0 197,251	\$ 858 0 0 0 858	\$ 1,479,971 31,042 549,793 2,060,806
Expenditures Current: Food Services Capital Outlay Debt Service:	687,234 5,801	0	0	0 0	0	0 24,953	687,234 30,754
Principal Retirement Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt Total Expenditures	0 0 693,035	250,000 8,900 258,900	675,000 113,539 788,539	0 <u>84,184</u> <u>84,184</u>	195,000 18,473 213,473	0 0 24,953	1,120,000 225,096 2,063,084
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	12,745	1,260	26,395	(2,361)	(16,222)	(24,095)	(2,278)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers Out	(44,248)	0	0	0	0	0	(44,248)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(31,503)	1,260	26,395	(2,361)	(16,222)	(24,095)	(46,526)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	191,074	5,078	27,445	8,906	22,955	24,095	279,553
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ <u>159,571</u>	\$ <u>6,338</u>	\$53,840	\$ <u>6,545</u>	\$ <u>6,733</u>	\$0	\$233,027



	2017 Amended <u>Budget</u>	2017 Actual	2016 Actual
Local Sources Current Property Taxes Tuition Transportation Fees Gate Receipts Interest Rents Athletics Donations Donations Medicaid Fee for Service Miscellaneous Local Sources	\$ 6,092,498	\$ 6,095,998	\$ 6,188,268
	8,125	8,075	8,435
	78,846	78,846	47,423
	55,170	54,553	57,747
	47,158	17,027	6,022
	91,259	91,535	100,440
	11,369	13,255	25,214
	25,300	25,300	4,313
	35,000	35,546	37,076
	248,772	250,048	406,456
	6,693,497	6,670,183	6,881,394
State Sources State Aid Foundation Allowance Isolated Districts At Risk Early Literacy Special Education Grant Technology Infrastructure MPSERS Cost Offset MPSERS UAAL Rate Stabilization Miscellaneous State Sources	2,605,798	2,629,638	2,652,186
	52,763	52,760	53,292
	462,795	462,114	466,252
	25,752	18,860	5,035
	319,060	319,060	339,852
	1,045	1,045	23,330
	84,540	84,540	82,985
	749,175	749,175	670,245
	5,753	5,753	23,178
	4,306,681	4,322,945	4,316,355
Federal Sources ECIA Title I ECIA Title II- Improving Teacher Quality Rural and Low-Income Schools Medicaid Outreach Schools and Roads Grant Funds Other Federal Revenues	488,717	477,382	550,934
	109,686	67,160	170,326
	26,094	26,087	20,508
	1,500	1,093	3,104
	72,264	72,264	74,231
	2,700	3,466	3,884
	700,961	647,452	822,987
Other Financing Sources Sale of Capital Assets Operating Transfers In	2,080	2,080	23,867
	45,300	44,248	51,000
	47,380	46,328	74,867
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	\$ <u>11,748,519</u>	\$ <u>11,686,908</u>	\$ <u>12,095,603</u>

	2017 Amended <u>Budget</u> _	2017 Actual	2016 Actual
Instruction Basic Programs:			
Elementary Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services Supplies, Materials and Other	\$ 1,561,720 \$ 1,133,821 68,855 41,271 2,805,667	5 1,560,371 \$ 1,106,970 65,917 39,101 2,772,359	1,493,302 1,038,951 74,816 45,187 2,652,256
Junior High School Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services Supplies, Materials and Other	362,600	361,898	359,195
	251,121	238,174	230,334
	10,865	10,864	7,977
	4,875	3,890	16,125
	629,461	614,826	613,631
High School Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services Supplies, Materials and Other	749,225	747,082	822,931
	534,204	531,431	591,825
	137,521	136,127	84,227
	34,125	33,128	75,428
	1,455,075	1,447,768	1,574,411
Preschool Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services	8,673	8,673	6,047
	3,819	3,817	2,740
	0	0	565
	12,492	12,490	9,352
Summer School Salaries Employee Benefits Supplies, Materials and Other	6,275	6,275	28,177
	2,763	2,763	11,597
	995	0	1,444
	10,033	9,038	41,218
Total Basic Programs	4,912,728	4,856,481	4,890,868
Added Needs: Special Education Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services	555,356	552,954	526,019
	382,763	379,337	349,691
	56,400	37,679	52,527
	994,519	969,970	928,237

	2017 Amended Budget	2017 Actual	2016 Actual
Instruction (Continued) Added Needs: (Continued) Compensatory Education			
Salaries	\$ 577,166	\$ 579,358 \$	592,412
Employee Benefits	363,586	364,560	366,515
Purchased Services	6,250	6,005	2,726
Supplies, Materials and Other	300	290	0
	947,302	950,213	961,653
Career and Technical\Vocational Education			
Purchased Services	145,488	145,488	189,040
Total Added Needs	2,087,309	2,065,671	2,078,930
Total Instruction	7,000,037	6,922,152	6,969,798
Support Services Pupil Services: Guidance Services			
Salaries	68,900	68,898	70,263
Employee Benefits	43,976	41,954	43,592
Purchased Services	7,350	7,350	3,145
	120,226	118,202	117,000
Health Services			
Purchased Services	15,000	18,105	<u> 17,015</u>
T distilaced Scivices		,	,
Psychological Services			
Purchased Services	11,000	<u>11,570</u>	7,769
Speech			
Salaries	61,656	61,656	60,541
Employee Benefits	41,655	41,624	41,320
Purchased Services	0	0	14,431
	103,311	103,280	116,292
Social Work	5.000	2 522	4.070
Salaries	5,000	3,583	4,278
Employee Benefits Purchased Services	1,485	1,025	460 53,000
Supplies, Materials and Other	52,115 414	52,114 414	52,000
Supplies, iviaterials and Other	<u> </u>	57,136	56,950
		3.,.00	

	2017 Amended <u>Budget</u>		2017 Actual		2016 Actual
Support Services (Continued) Pupil Services: (Continued) Pupil Support Services					
Salaries	\$	40,160	\$ 33,558	\$	31,965
Employee Benefits		25,005	 20,521		19,062
		<u>65,165</u>	 54,079		51,027
Total Pupil Services		373,716	362,372		366,053
Instructional Staff: Instructional Improvement					
Salaries		54,017	36,832		76,793
Employee Benefits		14,646	4,957		37,454
Purchased Services		53,606	29,912		54,864
Supplies, Materials and Other		5,000	 4,780		280
		127,269	 76,481		169,391
Library Services					
Salaries		510	510		0
Employee Benefits		224	 224		0
		734	 734		0
Computer Assisted Instruction Salaries		31,075	30,784		30,142
Employee Benefits		15,453	15,448		14,795
Purchased Services		36,440	35,502		32,859
Supplies, Materials and Other		66,000	60,026		54,462
Supplies, Materials and Other		148,968	141,760		132,258
Academic Student Assessment Salaries		24,220	23,531		18,657
Employee Benefits		9,110	8,616		5,816
Purchased Services		16,243	15,483		14,512
Supplies, Materials and Other		1,800	1,029		503
Cappinos, maioriaio and Cano		51,373	48,659		39,488
Total Instructional Staff		328,344	 267,634		341,137
General Administration: Board of Education					
Salaries		2,000	1,500		1,830
Employee Benefits		153	115		140
Purchased Services		61,100	58,635		55,762
Supplies, Materials and Other		4,534	 4,458		4,842
		67,787	64,708		62,574

		2017 Amended <u>Budget</u>		2017 Actual		2016 Actual
Support Services (Continued) General Administration: (Continued) Executive Administration						
Salaries	\$	158,943	\$	158,814	\$	156,566
Employee Benefits		114,154		110,074		105,801
Purchased Services		19,080		18,025		15,100
Supplies, Materials and Other		5,000		5,248		4,490
		297,177		292,161		281,957
Total General Administration	_	364,964		356,869		344,531
School Administration: Office of the Principal						
Salaries		407,486		405,821		422,969
Employee Benefits		285,045		279,859		291,980
Purchased Services		28,760		27,839		12,263
Supplies, Materials and Other		5,300		5,320		2,379
		726,591		718,839		729,591
Director of Instruction						
Salaries		55,637		55,474		59,858
Employee Benefits		26,845		25,826		34,648
Supplies, Materials and Other		100		98		102
		82,582		81,398	_	94,608
Other Administration Supplies, Materials and Other	_	2,000		847	_	1,845
Total School Administration		811,173		801,084		826,044
Business: Business Services Purchased Services Supplies, Materials and Other	_	10,452 46,520 56,972	_	10,452 40,743 51,195	_	9,084 31,664 40,748
Fiscal Services Salaries		98,800		98,752		96,633
Employee Benefits		79,795		79,792		73,122
Purchased Services		1,013		880		[′] 51
Supplies, Materials and Other		3,500		2,090		4,054
••	_	183,108		181,514	_	173,860
Total Business	_	240,080		232,709		214,608

	2017 Amended Budget		2017 Actual		2016 Actual
Support Services (Continued)					
Operations and Maintenance:					
Salaries	\$ 290,9		290,007	\$	265,565
Employee Benefits	194,7		192,627		176,446
Purchased Services	196,7		188,323		184,218
Supplies, Materials and Other	436,0		418,545		398,229
	1,118,4	<u> 27 </u>	1,089,502		1,024,458
Transportation:					
Salaries	383,5	66	378,675		344,770
Employee Benefits	211,9	19	205,782		185,072
Purchased Services	75,5	89	73,093		95,259
Supplies, Materials and Other	184,0		<u> 177,515</u>		207,044
	855,1	<u>69</u>	835,065	_	832,145
Central Services: Staff and Personnel Services					
Salaries	10,2	50	10,230		10,068
Employee Benefits	7,4		7,177		6,814
Purchased Services	11,2	35	9,220		10,297
Supplies, Materials and Other	1,5	20	50		1,080
•	30,4	<u> 21</u>	26,677	_	28,259
Technology					
Salaries	58,2	25	58,170		58,104
Employee Benefits	32,1		31,838		29,411
Purchased Services	28,7		27,377		16,932
Supplies, Materials and Other	11,5	00	8,961		4,938
	130,6	77	126,346		109,385
Pupil Accounting:					
Salaries	10,2	50	10,230		10,068
Employee Benefits	6,0		5,775		5,440
Purchased Services	7,4		7,403	_	7,248
	23,7		23,408		22,756
Total Central Services	184,8	<u> 24</u>	176,431	_	160,400
Total Support Services	4,276,6	<u>97</u>	4,121,666	_	4,109,376

	2017 Amended <u>Budget</u>	2017 Actual	2016 Actual
Community Services Community Recreation Other Purchased Services Other Supplies Other Expenses	\$ 4,843 50,000 8,024 62,867	\$ 4,234 52,349 8,010 64,593	\$ 5,845 45,229 9,415 60,489
Community Activities: Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services Supplies, Materials and Other	755 342 9,820 4,436 15,353	755 336 8,515 3,859 13,465	5,379 2,373 4,522 395 12,669
Total Community Services	78,220	78,058	73,158
Athletics Salaries Employee Benefits Equipment and Supplies Purchased Services Other Expenditures	143,705 69,299 31,189 37,692 8,000	141,272 65,645 31,175 35,185 7,485	142,397 65,221 41,790 30,622 7,870
Total Athletics	289,885	280,762	287,900
Capital Outlay Support Services Athletics	331,067 1,527	331,067 1,526	330,641 14,975
Total Capital Outlay	332,594	332,593	<u>345,616</u>
Operating Transfers Out Food Service Fund	1,000	0	1,067
Total Expenditures and Transfers	\$ <u>11,978,433</u>	\$ <u>11,735,231</u>	\$ <u>11,786,915</u>

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By Gloria Suggitt at 8:54 am, Oct 17, 2017



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OSCODA AREA SCHOOLS IOSCO AND ALCONA COUNTIES, MICHIGAN

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS YEAR ENDED FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 2017

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Stephenson & Company, P.C.

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Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

August 31, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Oscoda Area Schools Iosco and Alcona Counties, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oscoda Area Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Oscoda Area Schools' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Oscoda Area Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Oscoda Area Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oscoda Area Schools' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Oscoda Area Schools' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2017-001.

Board of Education Oscoda Area Schools August 31, 2017 Page Two

Oscoda Area Schools' Response to Finding

Oscoda Area Schools' response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Oscoda Area Schools' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stephenson: Company, P.C.



Stephenson & Company, P.C.

Alan J. Stephenson, CPA Donald W. Brannan, CPA Kyle E. Troyer, CPA Robert J. Morand, CPA

August 31, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Oscoda Area Schools Iosco and Alcona Counties, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Oscoda Area Schools' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Oscoda Area Schools' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Oscoda Area Schools' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Oscoda Area Schools' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Oscoda Area Schools' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Oscoda Area Schools' compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Oscoda Area Schools complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Board of Education Oscoda Area Schools August 31, 2017 Page Two

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Oscoda Area Schools is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Oscoda Area Schools' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oscoda Area Schools' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Board of Education Oscoda Area Schools August 31, 2017 Page Three

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oscoda Area Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Oscoda Area Schools' basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2017, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Stephenson: Company, P.C.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Summary of Auditors' Results

- The auditors' report expresses unmodified opinions on the financial statements of Oscoda Area Schools.
- 2. No material weaknesses in internal control relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Oscoda Area Schools, which is required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, was disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No material weaknesses relating to the audit of internal control over major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Oscoda Area Schools expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. No audit findings relative to the major federal award programs for Oscoda Area Schools are reported in this schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included: Title I, CFDA #84.010
- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Oscoda Area Schools was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

2017-001 Deficit Fund Balance

Condition and Criteria: The Revised School Code Act 451 of 1976 mandates that school districts not operate under a deficit budget. Currently, the District's Sinking Fund, a capital projects fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$114,126.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with the Revised School Code.

Cause: The District started Sinking Fund projects a year prior to obtaining the necessary tax revenue to support the projects.

Context: Oscoda Area Schools currently has policies and procedures in place to ensure that they are not operating with fund balance deficits; however, in this situation, the Board placed higher importance on the need to complete the Sinking Fund projects prior to receiving the associated tax revenue as they considered it an emergency and they were able to realize cost savings as a result of replacing all of the Uni-Vents at one time in the current fiscal year.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Findings - Financial Statement Audit (Continued)

2017-001 Deficit Fund Balance (Continued)

Auditor's Recommendation: The District should comply with the Revised School Code in the future. The District should also carefully plan projects and other expenditures to line up with fiscal periods where there is sufficient fund balance to absorb those expenditures.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The Chief Financial Officer and Superintendent understand the issue and will work with the Board to ensure that future fund balance deficits are avoided. The deficit fund balance resulting in this finding will be eliminated in the 2017-18 fiscal year through the collection of tax revenue.

Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

There were no findings or questioned costs related to the major federal award program audit for the year ended Friday, June 30, 2017.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor or Pass Through Grantor <u>Program Title/Grantor's Number</u>	Federal CFDA Number	Gra	pproved ant Award Amount	`P	emo Only) rior Year penditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2016	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Receipts (Cash Basis)	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2017
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Michigan Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities): Food Distribution 55030 Entitlement Commodities	10.555	\$	40,701	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 40,701	\$ 40,701	\$ 0
Cash Assistance: National School Breakfast Program	10.000	Ψ	10,101	Ψ		<u>Ψ </u>	ψ,,, σ	ψ 10,701	<u> </u>
161970 2015-2016 171970 2016-2017	10.553		209,101 154,128 363,229		190,543 0 190,543	12,488 0 12,488	18,558 154,128 172,686	31,046 143,040 174,086	0 11,088 11,088
National School Lunch Program Section 11 - Free and Reduced 161960 2015-2016	10.555		405,382		369,024	24,324	36,358	60,682	0
171960 2016-2017			300,048 705,430		0 369,024	24,324	300,048	279,161 339,843	20,887 20,887
Cash Assistance Subtotal			1,068,659		559,567	36,812	509,092	513,929	31,975
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,109,360		559,567	36,812	549,793	554,630	31,975
Passed through Alcona County: Schools and Roads Grant Funds	10.665		16,019		0	0	16,019	16,019	0
Passed through losco County: Schools and Roads Grant Funds			56,245 72,264		0	0	<u>56,245</u> 72,264	<u>56,245</u> 72,264	0
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,181,624		559,567	36,812	622,057	626,894	31,975

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor or Pass Through Grantor Program Title/Grantor's Number	Federal CFDA Number		Approved rant Award Amount	È	lemo Only) Prior Year penditures	(I I	Accrued Deferred) Revenue lly 1, 2016		Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Receipts (Cash Basis)	<u>Jı</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue une 30, 2017
U.S. Department of Education Passed through Michigan Department of Education: Title I: Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies Part A Imp Basic Pro 161530 2015-2016 Part A Imp Basic Pro 171530 2016-2017	84.010	\$	533,359 496,803 1,030,162	\$	504,975 0 504,975	\$	121,527 0 121,527	\$	10,880 466,502 477,382	\$ 132,407 395,302 527,709	\$	0 71,200 71,200
Passed through Michigan Department of Education: Title VI, Part B, Subpart 2 Rural and Low-Income Schools 160660 2015-2016 Rural and Low-Income Schools 170660 2016-2017	84.358B		20,508 26,094 46,602		20,508 0 20,508	_	20,508 0 20,508	_	0 26,087 26,087	20,508 21,524 42,032	_	0 4,563 4,563
Passed through Michigan Department of Education: Title II Part A Improving Teacher Quality 160520 2015-2016 Improving Teacher Quality 170520 2016-2017	84.367		177,773 151,128 328,901		169,941 0 169,941	_	35,315 0 35,315	_	861 66,299 67,160	36,176 57,830 94,006	_	0 8,469 8,469
Passed through The Institute for Excellence in Education: i3 Grant - Middle Grades Leadership Development	84.411		3,466		0	_	0	_	3,466	3,466	_	0
Total U.S. Department of Education U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through losco Regional Educational Service Agency as Fiscal Agent: Medical Assistance Program Title XIX Medicaid Outreach Claims - 2014	93.778		1,409,131		1,792		1,792		574,095	1,792	_	84,232
Medicaid Outreach Claims - 2016 Total Federal Financial Awards			1,093 2,885	<u> </u>	1,792 1,256,783		1,792	_ _	1,093 1,093 1,197,245	1,792 \$ 1,295,899	_ _	1,093 1,093
TOTAL FEDERAL FILIALICIAL AWAIUS		φ	2,593,640	Φ	1,200,703	φ	215,954	Φ	1,197,240	φ 1,290,099	Φ	117,300

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

A. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Oscoda Area Schools under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Oscoda Area Schools, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Oscoda Area Schools.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- A. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is a summary of the cash activity of the Organization's federal awards and does not present transactions that would be included in financial statements of the Organization presented on the accrual basis of accounting, as contemplated by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- B. Expenditures on this schedule reconcile with amounts reported in the financial statements and the financial reports submitted to the Michigan Department of Education.
- C. The amounts reported on the R7120, Grants Section Auditors' Report, reconcile with this schedule with the exception of the following amounts that were reported as paid on the R7120, but were not received by the District until after year end resulting in the following receivables shown on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

National School Breakfast Program 171970 \$ 11,088 National School Lunch Program 171960 \$ 20,887

- D. The amounts reported on the Recipient Entitlement Balance Report, or PAL Report, agree with this schedule for USDA donated food commodities and are reported in the Cash Receipts column.
- E. Expenditures include spoilage or pilferage.
- F. Oscoda Area Schools did not elect to use a flat de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs for their indirect cost rate.

1,197,245

Note 3 - Reconciliation to financial statements:

General Fund \$ 647,452
Special Revenue Funds:
Food Service Fund \$ 549,793



Oscoda Area Schools

Board of Education Office 3550 River Road • Oscoda, Michigan 48750

> (989) 739-2033 FAX (989) 739-2325

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings:

2016-001

Segregation of Duties

Finding: Proper internal control mandates the Segregation of Duties. Proper segregation of duties requires a separation in the handling of cash and the verification of deposits. Therefore, the individual verifying the deposits should be able to ensure the completeness of the deposits based on accurately completed support from the individual handling the cash. Currently, the District has a lack in segregation of duties in the area of activity fund receipts.

Year of Initial Occurrence: June 30, 2013

Status: Significant progress was made in this area to where it is no longer considered to be an internal control finding.



Oscoda Area Schools

Board of Education Office 3550 River Road • Oscoda, Michigan 48750

> (989) 739-2033 FAX (989) 739-2325

Corrective Action Plan 2016-2017 Fiscal Year

2017-001

Deficit Fund Balance

Condition: The District's Sinking Fund, a capital projects fund, had a deficit fund balance of \$114,126 at year end.

Corrective Action: In the 2016-17 fiscal year, a Tax Anticipation Note for \$200,000 was obtained due to a shortage in cash flow in the Sinking Fund. By receiving the Note and having all of the Sinking Fund work done at one time, Oscoda Area Schools was able to save money by replacing all 30 of the Uni-Vents at one time instead of a few this year and the rest in the 2017-18 fiscal year. It was deemed necessary to replace all of the Uni-Vents because the lines froze up during the winter of 2016 and were patched up at the time to continue school. Tax revenue will be received in July, August and September of 2017 that will then be used to pay back the Note, and Oscoda Area Schools will no longer have a deficit in the Sinking Fund.

Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action: Sean M. Pear, Chief Financial Officer

Completion Date: The Sinking Fund no longer had a deficit fund balance as of August 31, 2017, the date of the auditors' report, as enough tax revenue has been received to eliminate the deficit.

Dedicated to Education...

Committed to Excellence



Stephenson & Company, P.C.

Alan J. Stephenson, CPA Donald W. Brannan, CPA Kyle E. Troyer, CPA Robert J. Morand, CPA

August 31, 2017

Management and the Board Oscoda Area Schools Oscoda, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oscoda Area Schools for the year ended June 30, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated July 17, 2017. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit. The appendices to this letter set forth those communications as follows:

I Communication with Those Charged with Governance

II Management Comments

We discussed these matters with various personnel of the District during the audit and met with management on August 17, 2017. We would also be pleased to meet with you to discuss these matters at your convenience.

These communications are intended solely for the information and use of management, the District, others within the District and the Michigan Department of Education and are not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Stephenson: Company, P.C.

APPENDIX I COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

Our Responsibilities under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance

As stated in our engagement letter dated July 17, 2017, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

In planning and performing our audit, we will consider Oscoda Area Schools' internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We will also consider internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Oscoda Area Schools' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we will perform tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions is not an objective of our audit. Also in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, we will examine, on a test basis, evidence about Oscoda Area Schools' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on Oscoda Area Schools' compliance with those requirements. While our audit will provide a reasonable basis for our opinion, it will not provide a legal determination on Oscoda Area Schools' compliance with those requirements.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit as outlined in our engagement letter related to planning matters dated July 17, 2017.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

- Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Oscoda Area Schools are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, Oscoda Area Schools changed accounting policies related to tax abatements by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures", in 2017. In the current year, no related disclosures were required for Oscoda Area Schools. The application of existing policies was not changed during 2017. We noted no transactions entered into by the government unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.
- Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting Oscoda Area Schools' financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the net pension liability is based on the actuarial valuation audited by the Auditor General. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the net pension liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

APPENDIX I COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. The adjustments identified during the audit have been communicated to management. A summary of audit differences, both adjusted and unadjusted was provided to and accepted by management on August 31, 2017. Management has determined that the effects of the unadjusted audit differences are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated August 31, 2017.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Oscoda Area Schools' financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Oscoda Area Schools's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Information, and the Required Pension Schedules, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

APPENDIX I COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

We were engaged to report on the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and individual fund schedules, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

APPENDIX II MANAGEMENT COMMENTS

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oscoda Area Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Oscoda Area Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Oscoda Area Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oscoda Area Schools' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

During our audit, we also became aware of the following deficiency in internal control other than significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, and other matters that is an opportunity for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency.

DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

We would like to bring to the Board's attention that the Sinking Fund ending Fund Balance at June 30, 2017 was a deficit of \$114,126. The Revised School Code Act 451 of 1976 does not permit for school districts to operate under deficit fund balances; however, we would like to note that this deficit is the result of spending the money for sinking fund projects in the current year, while expecting to receive the tax revenue in the next fiscal year. The Board was aware of the timing difference, as a Tax Anticipation Note was entered into during the current year to cover the cash flow. However, this Note then allowed the District to realize cost savings by replacing all 30 of the Uni-Vents at one time, instead of splitting up the cost based on when the tax revenues would be received. Once the tax revenue is received in the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the Tax Anticipation Note will be paid off and the deficit will correct itself. Therefore, no additional action by the Board is required in dealing with this deficit.

We will review the status of this comment during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed this comment with various governmental unit personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss it in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of this matter, or to assist you in implementing any recommendations.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS:

We have reviewed the status of comments and recommendations made in the prior year. The status of prior year comments is as follows:

	Implemented/	Management		Situation
	Situation	Decision To	Progress	Still
<u>Comment</u>	<u>Corrected</u>	Not Implement	<u>Made</u>	Exists
Segregation of Duties - Activity Funds			X	